

The Army Of Gustavus Adolphus 1 Infantry Men At Arms

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The Army Of Gustavus Adolphus

The 'Lion of the North', King Gustavus Adolphus of Sweden, was one of the major players in the Thirty Years War of 1618-48. In 1630 Gustavus - the last champion of the Protestants - crushed the Catholics at Breitenfeld in a victory widely viewed as the fulfillment of a prophecy foretelling the defeat of the eagle (the German Emperor's emblem) by a golden lion.

The Army of Gustavus Adolphus (1): Infantry (Men-at-Arms ...

This well-drilled and disciplined army, infused with a conjoined spirit of martial patriotism and fervent Protestantism, was uniquely able to shift from offense to defense with a speed and efficiency unmatched by any other army in Europe, or the world. Gustavus then elevated Sweden to the first rank of powers by taking his new model army, strategic vision, and advanced and well-drilled tactics to Germany, where he decisively intervened in the 'Great War' of the 17th century.

GUSTAVUS ADOLPHUS AND HIS ARMY I | Weapons and Warfare

The 'Lion of the North', King Gustavus Adolphus of Sweden, was one of the major players in the Thirty Years War of 1618-48. In 1630 Gustavus - the last champion of the Protestants - crushed the Catholics at Breitenfeld in a victory widely viewed as the fulfillment of a prophecy foretelling the defeat of the eagle (the German Emperor's emblem) by a golden lion.

The Army of Gustavus Adolphus (1): Infantry by Richard ...

Gustavus Adolphus' Revolutionary Army When Gustavus Adolphus landed in Sweden, he was hailed as the savior of the Protestant cause. But before that could become a reality, he had hard fighting to do. To do that, he had developed one of the best armies that Europe had ever seen.

Gustavus Adolphus' Revolutionary Army - Discerning History

The army of Gustavus Adolphus is an objectively written book of Gustavus' cavalry. I mean objective because many of the long time myths of Adolphus are dispelled. What is said about him is merely factual data and has nothing to do with the stories typically associated with him. It fairly shows the quality of his native Swedish and Finnish regiments.

The Army of Gustavus Adolphus (2): Cavalry (Men-at-Arms ...

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The Army of Gustavus Adolphus (1) - Osprey Publishing

Richard Brzezinski is a young historian and a leading expert on the military history of central and Eastern Europe, greatly admired for his primary research and painstaking work in archives in Sweden, Germany and Poland. He has previously written titles on Polish Armies 1569-1696 and the army of Gustavus Adolphus in Osprey's Men-at Arms series.

The Army of Gustavus Adolphus (2) - Osprey Publishing

Gustavus Adolphus, the Golden King, the Lion of the North, and the Father of Modern Warfare was a 17th-century Swedish warrior-king who basically invented the concept of the cavalry sabre charge primarily because he wanted to lead thundering hordes of rampaging cavalry blade-first into the enemy - even though the dude couldn't even wear armor into combat because his ribs and shoulder were too fucked up from having been hit by too many bullets.

Gustavus Adolphus — Badass of the Week

Gustavus Adolphus, also known in English as Gustav II Adolf or Gustav II Adolph, was the King of Sweden from 1611 to 1632, and is credited for the rise of Sweden as a great European power. During his reign, Sweden became one of the primary military forces in Europe during the Thirty Years' War, helping to determine the political and religious balance of power in Europe. He was formally and posthumously given the name Gustavus Adolphus the Great by the Riksdag of the Estates in 1634. He is often

Gustavus Adolphus of Sweden - Wikipedia

Gustavus Adolphus, king of Sweden (1611–32) who laid the foundations of the modern Swedish state and whose intervention and victories in the Thirty Years' War (1618–48) made it a major European power. He died at the Battle of Lutzen on November 6, 1632.

Gustavus Adolphus | Biography, Thirty Years' War, & Death ...

Upon inheriting the Swedish throne in 1611, Gustav II Adolf (Gustavus Adolphus in Latin) also inherited three ongoing wars where Sweden was hopelessly outmatched by its wealthier neighbors. The young king saw the need of a strong military force if Sweden was to survive as a nation, and thus he began reforming the army with inspiration from the strategies used by Maurice of Nassau . [2]

Military of the Swedish Empire - Wikipedia

Gustavus Adolphus threw a wrench in 1600s European thinking by having a regular standing army that was well-trained, regularly drilled, armed with fine weaponry and were paid on time. He also redesigned his army to take advantage of newly acquired mobility that was afforded to him by the emerging innovation of gunpowder and modern firearms.

MilitaryHistoryOnline.com - The genius of Sweden's 'Lion ...

Gustavus Adolphus was an extremely able military commander. His innovative tactical integration of infantry, cavalry, logistics and particularly his use of artillery, earned him the title of the "Father of Modern Warfare". Future commanders who studied and admired Gustav II Adolf include

Napoleon I of France and Carl von Clausewitz.

Gustavus Adolphus of Sweden | Military Wiki | Fandom

The 'Lion of the North', King Gustavus Adolphus of Sweden, was one of the major players in the Thirty Years War of 1618-48. In 1630 Gustavus - the last champion of the Protestants - crushed the Catholics at Breitenfeld in a victory widely viewed as the fulfillment of a prophecy foretelling the defeat of the eagle (the German Emperor's emblem) by a golden lion.

The Army of Gustavus Adolphus (1) - Warlord Games Ltd

Much of the fame of Gustavus Adolphus has founded upon his cavalry. He is said to have reversed the stagnation of European cavalry warfare, giving it back fluidity and vigour. Like much 'Gustavus mythology', however, the truth may well be quite different.

The Army of Gustavus Adolphus (2): Cavalry by Richard ...

Gustavus Adolphus Created a Warfare Template That Endured For Centuries Gustavus Adolphus II (1594 - 1632) was king of Sweden from 1611 to 1632, during which time he transformed Sweden into a great power. He reformed the Swedish army and introduced military innovations that emphasized linear tactics, and the efficient use of combined arms.

Gustavus Adolphus Created a Warfare Template That Endured ...

Killed in battle at L tzen only two years later, Gustavus nevertheless won fame for his technical and tactical innovations. The first of two volumes, this book examines the equipment, uniforms and organization of the infantry that comprised Gustavus's army.

Men-At-Arms Ser.: The Army of Gustavus Adolphus (1 ...

While the army of Gustavus Adolphus has been described elsewhere, the book includes current research that has not yet appeared in the English language. It also, unlike most previous works, explains how the Swedish experiences on the eastern front influenced Gustavus Adolphus and his views on how to build a modern army that could challenge the established great powers on the continent.